

Iran

A

Total receipts of our budget in 1939 (1318 A.H.) were Rls. 2,162,611,829.

\$ = Rls. 18.34

Total receipts in dollars \$118,000,000.

National income being at least 15 times higher than the above receipts should be around \$1,770,000,000.

2% of national income = \$35,400,000.

B

Five percent of the total gold and gold convertible exchange as of January 1, 1944 = \$9,000,000.

C

The annual average of imports during 1934 - 1938 inclusive (1313-1317 A.H.) was Rls. 1,170,000,000. The average rate of exchange during the same period being around 16.5 Rls for

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a dollar, our annual average imports equalled \$70,909,000. Therefore, 10% of the average imports during 1934 -1938 equals \$7,090,000.

D

Our minimum exports during the same period of five years were Rls. 1,901,000,000 (in 1315-16 A.H.) and the maximum Rls. 2,560,000,000 (in 1317 A.H.). Therefore, the maximum variation was Rls. 659,000,000 equal to <sup>39939000</sup>~~\$42,000,000~~, 10% of which is \$3,993,000.

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The total of the four above items is \$55,483,000. This total should be increased, however, by the percentage ratio of our average annual exports (1934-1938) which were \$134,000,000. to our national income established under Part A at \$1,770,000,000.